



Oil, Gas and Chemical

**Well Completion Design** 

## **Course Introduction**

In the development of a hydrocarbon reservoir, many wells aredrilled and required to be completed, to allow the structure to

be depleted. However, the drilling and completion operations are crucial to the I ong term viability of the wells in meeting the specified objectives.

# The design and completion of both production and injection wells are required to satisfy several objectives including:

- Provision of optimum production/injectionper formance
- Ensure safety
- Maximize the integrity and reliability of the completion over the envisaged life of the completedwell
- Minimize the total costs per unit volume of fluid produced or injected, i.e.
- Minimize the costs of initial completion, maintaining production and remedial measures

### **Target Audience**

- Process design
- Unit Operator
- Environmental
- · Process safety engineer
- · Gasoline blender engineer
- · Lab supervisor
- Supply chain engineer
- Distillates analyst
- Models engineer
- Chemical Operator
- Chemical Plant Operator
- Chemical Process Technician
- Control Room Supervisor
- · Gas Plant Process Operator

- Gas Production Operator
- Gas Terminal Operations and Storage
- Gathering Pipeline engineer
- Oil Terminal / Storage engineer
- Pipeline Maintenance / Equipment / Compliance / Repair
- Pipeline Testing / Technician / Supervisor / Safety
- Plant Equipment Operator
- Plant Operations Technician
- Plant Shutdown
- Plant Supervisor
- Power Distribution
- Power Plant Manager
- Process Supervisor
- Refinery Operations Technician / Manager
- Terminal Operator / Manager
- Utilities Operator

### **Learning Objectives**

- Production Packer functions
- Packers Types
- Packers Generic Mechanisms
- Permanent and Retrievable Packers

### **Course Outline**

01 Day One

Well Completion Design, Practices and Strategies

- Introduction into Artificial lift methods and their application
- IPR and Productivity Index
- Vertical Lift Performance
- Well Outflow and Inflow Systems
- Typical Vertical Lift Performance (VLP) for Various Tubing Sizes
- Matching VLP Curves with an IPR Curve
- Well Completion Design Considerations
- Reservoir Considerations
- Mechanical Considerations
- Classification of Completions
- 02 Day Two

#### Lower & Upper Completion String Components & Selection Consideration

- Production Packer functions
- Packers Types
- Packers Generic Mechanisms
- Permanent and Retrievable Packers
- $\circ$  Locator Seals and Anchor Seals
- Applications for Permanent and for Retrievable Packers
- Setting Packers
- Inflatable Packer Applications
- Sliding Side Door Function
- Gas Lift Mandrel
- Running the Completion
- Perforation Methods and Perforating Equipment
- Perforation Selection and Conveying Methods
- 03 Day Three

#### Wellheads / Sub-Surface Safety Valves & Flow Control Equipment

- $\circ$  Wellheads Components, Function and Types
- Subsurface Safety Valves Function
- Safety Valves Types
- Setting Depth of Subsurface Safety Valves Consideration
- Surface Control Subsurface Safety Valves
- Flow Control Devices
- Nipple Profiles Types and Plug Selection

- Workover Reasons
- Well Killing Operations Technique and Consideration
- Example for Workover Operations (Gas lift wells, Natural gas well, ESP well)
- 04 Day Four

#### **Overview of Sand Control Completion**

- Sandstone Formation Properties and Geology
- What causes Sand Production?
- · Consequences of Sand Production Downhole and on Surface
- What is the mean of sand control?
- Perforation System for Non-sand Control Completion
- Sand Control Options
- Chemical Consolidation
- Mechanical Sand Control Methods
- Cased Hole Gravel Pack
- Open Hole Gravel Packing
- Expandable Screens
- Gravel Pack Design, Gravel Sizing and Slot Sizing
- Placement Methods
- Carrier Fluid Concept
- Choosing the Appropriate Method of Sand Control
- Losses Controlling during Sand Control Operations
- Perforating System for Sand Control
- Standalone Screen Applications
- 05 Day Five

#### **Fundamentals of Rigless Operations Theory & Stimulation**

- Coiled Tubing Surface and Subsurface Components
- Coiled Tubing Applications
- Cleaning Operations with CT
- Well Back Flow (nitrogen lift)
- Wireline Types and Application
- Surface and Subsurface Components of Wireline
- Formation Damage Mechanisms and their Remediation
- Stimulation Design Considerations
- The Most Important Production Logging (PLT)

# **Confirmed Sessions**

то	DURATION	FEES	LOCATION
May 8, 2025	5 days	4250.00 \$	Bahrain - Manama
May 9, 2025	5 days	4250.00 \$	UAE - Dubai
July 11, 2025	5 days	4950.00 \$	England - London
July 25, 2025	5 days	4250.00 \$	UAE - Abu Dhabi
Sept. 5, 2025	5 days	4250.00 \$	UAE - Dubai
Oct. 10, 2025	5 days	4250.00 \$	UAE - Abu Dhabi
	May 8, 2025 May 9, 2025 July 11, 2025 July 25, 2025 Sept. 5, 2025	May 8, 2025 5 days   May 9, 2025 5 days   July 11, 2025 5 days   July 25, 2025 5 days   Sept. 5, 2025 5 days	May 8, 2025 5 days 4250.00 \$   May 9, 2025 5 days 4250.00 \$   July 11, 2025 5 days 4950.00 \$   July 25, 2025 5 days 4250.00 \$   Sept. 5, 2025 5 days 4250.00 \$

Generated by BoostLab •